

**LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN
DISTRICT NO. 2
El Paso County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

**LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District No. 2
El Paso County, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Prior Period Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District as of December 31, 2024, were audited by other auditors whose report dated July 14, 2025, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the 2024 financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information, as identified in the table of contents. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or provide assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

ATLAS CPAs & Auditors PLLC

Colorado Springs, Colorado
July 9, 2026

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2025

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 2,436
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments - Restricted	3,660,202
Receivable from County Treasurer	14,594
Property Tax Receivable	<u>1,764,863</u>
Total Assets	5,442,095
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Districts - LRMD No. 1	7,188
Accrued Interest	51,270
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	244,758
Due in More Than One Year	<u>15,552,792</u>
Total Liabilities	15,856,008
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	<u>1,764,863</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,764,863
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	3,046,867
Unrestricted	<u>(15,225,643)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ (12,178,776)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 349,302	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (349,302)
Interest on Long-Term Debt and Related Costs	2,393,314	-	-	(2,393,314)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,742,616</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(2,742,616)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES				
Property Taxes				1,911,931
Specific Ownership Taxes				183,153
Interest Income				157,777
Total General Revenues				<u>2,252,861</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				(489,755)
Net Position - Beginning of Year				<u>(11,689,021)</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR				<u><u>\$ (12,178,776)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 2,436	\$ -	\$ 2,436
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments - Restricted	-	3,660,202	3,660,202
Receivable from County Treasurer	2,432	12,162	14,594
Property Tax Receivable	294,140	1,470,723	1,764,863
	<u>294,140</u>	<u>1,470,723</u>	<u>1,764,863</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 299,008</u>	<u>\$ 5,143,087</u>	<u>\$ 5,442,095</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Due to Other Districts - LRMD No. 1	\$ 4,868	\$ 2,320	\$ 7,188
Total Liabilities	4,868	2,320	7,188
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Property Tax	294,140	1,470,723	1,764,863
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	294,140	1,470,723	1,764,863
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	-	3,670,044	3,670,044
Total Fund Balances	-	3,670,044	3,670,044
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,670,044</u>	<u>3,670,044</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 299,008</u>	<u>\$ 5,143,087</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Accrued Interest	(51,270)
Bonds Payable - Series 2016	(15,175,000)
Unamortized Bond Premium	(622,550)

Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (12,178,776)</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 318,639	\$ 1,593,292	\$ 1,911,931
Specific Ownership Taxes	30,524	152,629	183,153
Interest Income	139	157,638	157,777
Total Revenues	<u>349,302</u>	<u>1,903,559</u>	<u>2,252,861</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
County Treasurer's Fee	4,782	23,914	28,696
Intergovernmental Expenditures - LRMD No. 1	344,520	-	344,520
Debt Service:			
Bond Interest	-	622,244	622,244
Bond Principal	-	175,000	175,000
Paying Agent Fees	-	950	950
Intergovernmental Expenditures - LRMD No. 1	-	1,787,000	1,787,000
Total Expenditures	<u>349,302</u>	<u>2,609,108</u>	<u>2,958,410</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(705,549)	(705,549)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>4,375,593</u>	<u>4,375,593</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,670,044</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,670,044</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (705,549)
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability	584
Amortization of Bond Premium	<u>40,210</u>

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (489,755)</u></u>
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LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 318,456	\$ 318,639	\$ 183
Specific Ownership Taxes	28,661	30,524	1,863
Interest Income	-	139	139
Other Revenue	2,883	-	(2,883)
Total Revenues	350,000	349,302	(698)
EXPENDITURES			
Contingency	2,883	-	2,883
County Treasurer's Fee	4,777	4,782	(5)
Intergovernmental Expenditures - LRMD No. 1	342,340	344,520	(2,180)
Total Expenditures	350,000	349,302	698
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was formed on December 2, 2004, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised statutes). The District's service area is located in El Paso County, Colorado. The District was established to provide financing for the acquisition, construction, and installation of streets, traffic and safety controls, parks and recreational facilities, water, storm drainage, sanitation, fire protection, and mosquito control.

The District was formed under the Consolidated Service Plan in conjunction with Lorson Ranch Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1, 3–7. District No. 1 will serve as the Service District with the responsibility of managing the construction and operation of facilities and improvements needed for the public improvements. District Nos. 2–7 will serve as the Financing Districts with the responsibility of providing the funding and tax base needed to support the capital improvements and operations to serve the community known as Lorson Ranch.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization (including District Nos. 1, 3–7), nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Amortization

Original Issue Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures (Statement 102). Statement 102 requires note disclosure when (a) a concentration or constraint is known prior to issuance of the financial statements, (b) it makes the reporting unit vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact, and (c) an event associated with the concentration or constraint has occurred, has begun to occur, or is more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of issuance.

The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2025, and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. Management performed the analysis required under Statement 102 and did not identify any concentrations or constraints that require disclosure.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents and investments as of December 31, 2025 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 2,436
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments - Restricted	3,660,202
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	<u>\$ 3,662,638</u>

Cash and cash equivalents and investments as of December 31, 2025 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 6,417
Investments	3,656,221
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	<u>\$ 3,662,638</u>

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2025, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$6,417 and a carrying balance of \$6,417.

Investments

The District has adopted a formal investment policy wherein the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities.
- * Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2025, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Morgan Stanley Government Money	Weighted-Average	
Market Funds	Under 60 Days	\$ 304,083
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust	Weighted-Average	
(COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	3,352,138
Total		<u>\$ 3,656,221</u>

Morgan Stanley Government Money Market Funds

The debt service money that is included in the trust accounts at Zions Bank is invested in the Morgan Stanley Government Money Market Funds. This portfolio is a money market fund that is managed by Morgan Stanley, and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. This portfolio is a money market mutual fund which invests in U.S. Treasury obligations, which are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, with maturities of 13 months or less and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations. The Federated Treasury Obligation Fund is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAs/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value, and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2025:

	Balance at December 31, 2024	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2025	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:					
General Refunding Bonds - Series 2016	\$ 15,350,000	\$ -	\$ 175,000	\$ 15,175,000	\$ 205,000
Bond Premium	662,760	-	40,210	622,550	39,758
 Total Long-Term Obligations	 \$ 16,012,760	 \$ -	 \$ 215,210	 \$ 15,797,550	 \$ 244,758

The detail of the District's long-term obligation is as follows:

Series 2016 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds

On June 16, 2016, the District authorized the issuance of Limited Tax Obligation Bonds, Series 2016 (the Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$15,790,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. The bonds are payable on December 1 and June 1, commencing on December 1, 2016. The principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from and to the extent of Pledged Revenues, which may or may not be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds.

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity without premium on or after December 1, 2027. The proceeds were used to refund the Service Districts Series 2011 and Series 2012 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds and 2014 Reimbursement Agreement.

The Bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,010,235. As of December 31, 2025, accumulated amortization totaled \$387,686.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2016 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The Bonds are secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (1) the Required Mill Levy, (2) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, and (3) any other legally available monies which the District determines to be treated as Pledged Revenue. The Bonds are also secured by amounts held by the Trustee in the Reserve Fund(s). Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal, premium if any, and interest on the Bonds as the same become due and payable and to make up any deficiencies in the Reserve Fund. The maximum Required Mill Levy is 50.000 mills, adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District. As of December 31, 2025, the adjusted maximum mill levy is 66.769 mills. For collection year 2026, the District levied 63.581 mills.

The Bonds are secured by the funds in the Reserve Fund in the required amount of \$571,907 and in the Surplus Fund in the amount of \$2,006,876 up to a maximum of \$2,000,000.

The Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2016 principal and interest will mature as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 205,000	\$ 615,244	\$ 820,244
2027	205,000	607,044	812,044
2028	240,000	596,794	836,794
2029	250,000	584,794	834,794
2030	290,000	572,294	862,294
2031-2035	1,845,000	2,620,970	4,465,970
2036-2040	2,760,000	2,071,720	4,831,720
2041-2045	3,840,000	1,349,158	5,189,158
2046-2050	5,540,000	615,769	6,155,769
Total	<u>\$ 15,175,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,633,787</u>	<u>\$ 24,808,787</u>

Events of Default

Events of default occur if the District fails or refuses to impose the Mill Levy or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Bonds Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Bonds Indenture.

The failure to pay the principal of or the interest on the Bonds when due or to cause the Bond Reserve Fund to be replenished shall not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Bonds Indenture if the reason of such failure is an insufficiency of Pledged Revenues. The District has no open lines of credit.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On November 2, 2004, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$640,000,000 at an interest rate to be determined by the District's Board of Directors. At December 31, 2025, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness of \$624,210,000.

As set forth in the District's original and amended Service Plan, the City has limited the amount of debt to be issued by the District to a total of \$80,000,000 without future approval by the City. The District may levy up to 50.000 mills for debt service and up to 10.000 mills for general operations and administrative expenses due to the on-going operations and maintenance to be undertaken by the District. As of December 31, 2025, the District had \$64,210,000 of debt capacity available under its Service Plan.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2025, as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Restricted Net Position:	
Debt Service Reserve	<u>\$ 3,046,867</u>
Total Restricted Net Position	<u><u>\$ 3,046,867</u></u>

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount was a result of the District being responsible for the financing and repayment of debt obligations and advances for the construction of public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

Some of the members of the Board of Directors of the District are employees of, or otherwise associated with, Lorson North Land Corporation (the Developer), the Landhuis Company and Tralon Homes, LLC, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 7 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

District Facilities Construction and Service Agreement

On January 27, 2005, the District entered into a District Facilities Construction and Service Agreement (Master IGA) with Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 (Service District) and Districts Nos. 3–7 (Financing Districts). Under the terms of the agreement, the Financing Districts will, over a period of years, levy sufficient taxes to pay to the Service District the costs of construction, acquisition, and equipping of certain public facilities and services and the related operations and maintenance costs.

In return, the Service District has agreed to acquire, construct, and equip the facilities, provide for their operations and maintenance, and provide service to the property within District Nos. 1–7, or convey facilities to other entities that will provide the service.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Service District pays the annual premiums on behalf of the District to the Pool for liability, property, workers' compensation, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations that apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The District transfers its net operating revenue to the Service District. Therefore, the Emergency Reserves related to the District's revenues are reported in the Service District.

On November 20, 2004, the District voters passed an election question allowing the District to increase property taxes up to \$1,000,000 annually, without limitation of rate, and without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (TABOR) or Sections 29-2-301, C. R. S., to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, spend, or retain all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

Section 29-1-1702, C.R.S., contains limitations on revenues generated from property tax revenues that apply to certain local governments within the state of Colorado.

Annual operating revenue is limited to a 5.25% increase; such increase is determined based on a prior assessment period and adjusted for allowable exclusions and exemptions from qualified property tax revenues.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of Section 29-1-1702, C.R.S. However, this section of the C.R.S. is complex and subject to interpretation.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENTS EVENTS

In preparing the financial statements, the District has evaluated transactions for potential disclosure through July 9, 2026, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined there are no events that have occurred subsequent to December 31, 2025 that would require disclosure.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	Budget		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
				Positive
				(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,592,377	\$ 1,593,292	\$ 1,593,292	\$ -
Specific Ownership Taxes	143,314	152,629	152,629	-
Interest Income	150,000	157,638	157,638	-
Total Revenues	1,885,691	1,903,559	1,903,559	-
EXPENDITURES				
County Treasurer's Fee	23,886	23,914	23,914	-
Paying Agent Fees	875	950	950	-
Bond Interest	622,244	622,244	622,244	-
Bond Principal	175,000	175,000	175,000	-
Intergovernmental Expenditures - LRMD No. 1	1,085,000	1,787,000	1,787,000	-
Contingency	12,995	10,892	-	10,892
Total Expenditures	1,920,000	2,620,000	2,609,108	10,892
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(34,309)	(716,441)	(705,549)	10,892
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,611,532	2,611,532	4,375,593	1,764,061
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 2,577,223</u>	<u>\$ 1,895,091</u>	<u>\$ 3,670,044</u>	<u>\$ 1,774,953</u>

OTHER INFORMATION

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
DECEMBER 31, 2025

\$15,790,000
General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds
Series 2016
Dated June 16, 2016
Principal Due December 1
Interest Rate 3.000 - 5.000%
Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 205,000	\$ 615,244	\$ 820,244
2027	205,000	607,044	812,044
2028	240,000	596,794	836,794
2029	250,000	584,794	834,794
2030	290,000	572,294	862,294
2031	300,000	557,794	857,794
2032	340,000	542,794	882,794
2033	365,000	525,794	890,794
2034	410,000	507,544	917,544
2035	430,000	487,044	917,044
2036	480,000	465,544	945,544
2037	500,000	441,544	941,544
2038	560,000	416,544	976,544
2039	580,000	388,544	968,544
2040	640,000	359,544	999,544
2041	675,000	327,544	1,002,544
2042	735,000	293,794	1,028,794
2043	765,000	268,988	1,033,988
2044	815,000	243,169	1,058,169
2045	850,000	215,663	1,065,663
2046	905,000	186,975	1,091,975
2047	935,000	156,431	1,091,431
2048	1,000,000	124,875	1,124,875
2049	1,030,000	91,125	1,121,125
2050	1,670,000	56,363	1,726,363
Total	<u>\$ 15,175,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,633,787</u>	<u>\$ 24,808,787</u>

LORSON RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2025

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Tax Levy	Total Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
		General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2021	\$ 18,436,250	11.132	55.663	\$ 1,231,449	\$ 1,231,449	100.00 %
2022	19,997,030	11.132	55.663	1,335,702	1,336,361	100.05 %
2023	19,510,720	11.453	57.266	1,340,757	1,341,424	100.05 %
2024	23,852,560	13.353	66.767	1,911,067	1,922,989	100.62 %
2025	23,849,040	13.353	66.769	1,910,833	1,911,931	100.06 %
Estimated for Year Ending December 31, 2026	\$ 23,131,490	12.716	63.581	\$ 1,764,863		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.